

# CROSSFIELD CHRONICLE

VOL. XXVIII. No. 23

CROSSFIELD, ALBERTA, THURSDAY, MAY 3, 1934

PRICE 1.50 A YEAR

## BETTER GROCERIES FOR LESS

PEARS—Evaporated, bright meaty, tasty, 2 lb. cellophane pkg . . . . .	45c
PEACH JAM—Empress pack, 4 lb. tin . . . . .	65c
RHUBARB and STRAWBERRY JAM, it's different 4 lb. tin . . . . .	60c
BEANS—Green stringless, 3 tins . . . . .	50c
CORNEB BEEF—Libbys, it's good, tin . . . . .	15c
PRUNES—Large size California 2 lb. cellophane pkg. . . . .	35c
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NABOB COFFEE—In wide mouth Kerr Jar 1 lb. net weight . . . . .	50c

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### The McCormick-Deering Cream Separator

Is the easiest running Cream Separator on the market—it gets all the cream and is easy to buy.

If your old machine is not giving satisfaction—let's talk trade—you want all the cream—we need the business.

Machines on our floor ready for instant delivery.

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For Your Hardware Needs.

## AND NOW . . .

### BRITISH AMERICAN Announces NEVR - NOX

ALL THAT THE NAME IMPLIES

An Ethylized gasoline . . . giving super performance . . . refined in the West . . . for Western conditions . . . now available at

## Crossfield Garage

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Why not bring your tractor heads to us. We have all the equipment to re-condition tractor heads of all makes at reasonable prices.

## ALWAYS READY

We wish to notify the public that we are always ready to serve you with the best quality meats at the most reasonable prices.

Fresh and Smoked Fish

Fresh Sausage.

Cooked Meats

## The Home Meat Market

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Crossfield

## Crossfield Transfer AND STORAGE

Daily Service Crossfield and Calgary.  
INSURED LOADS

Heavy Hauling and Trailer Hauling.

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## Tennis Club Prepare

### For Coming Season

The annual meeting of the Crossfield Tennis Club was held in the Bank of Commerce rooms on Thursday last. The following officers were elected for the ensuing year:

Hon. President, Wm. Laut  
President, F. Mossop  
Vice Presidents, Mrs. W. Spivey, Mrs. R. T. Amery.  
Secretary, M. Grant  
Grounds Committee—Messrs. H. Ballam, P. L. Johnstone, L. Spivey.  
Tournament Committee—Messrs. McMillan, Goldie, Mossop, A. Stevens.

Fees—Men \$3.00, ladies \$2.00, students \$1.00, family \$5.00. Family ticket not more than four adults \$6.50. An ordinary family ticket to include two adults and not more than two junior players.

Additional clay has been put on the courts and they will be in good shape as soon as it is possible to roll them. Since this has necessarily entailed a certain amount of expense, the Secretary will be glad to have subscriptions of those intending to play as soon as possible. Students to have east court up to 6.30 p. m. evenings except on holidays.

## The Baseball Situation

While the baseball situation in Crossfield is anything but bright, it is possible that a team will be made up with Carstairs and Crossfield combined. (Possibly we can co-operate in this respect, at any rate we will ask our banker, he knows.)

Crossfield a few years ago had one of the best amateur teams in the province, but it takes a lot of money to pay amateur pitchers, catchers and an infielder or two. Those days have gone forever and today we have four of the old team left, namely, Glen Williams, a good ball player, Everett Bills, who is not what he used to be, but he can still crack on; Bob Smart, who looked like a big leaguer a few years ago, is still a good infield juggler, but his hitting has fallen off badly. Bob blossomed out last year as a pitcher and went the route against Dog Pound in the final game for the big pot on July 1st. He let the enemy down in this great battle with three singles, since then however he has had a bad arm and has been taking treatments from Doc McClelland. The doctor states that while Bob's right hinge is as good as ever, he is afraid that the once great master of the emery ball will never pitch again.

Ira Heywood a great fly chaser, and a fair hitter, retired to his ranch two years ago and will leave ball playing to his children.

The others of this once great team have scattered hither and yon, and some of them are still playing amateur ball at so much per month.

In Crossfield, we have a good bunch of youngsters who will make ball players, providing they play at hard ball instead of fumble ball, commonly called softball. Other than these youngsters, we have only three young fellows who can play senior ball at all. It can be readily seen that Crossfield is not in a position to field a senior baseball team. The only chance is to go in with Carstairs who are in a similar position as ourselves, having only about four players who can really turn on the heat.

In the course of the next few days it is planned to talk it over with George McKay at Carstairs and see if it is possible to give the people of these two towns something that looks like senior baseball at least.

The meeting of the Floral U. F. W. A. honoring "Mother's Day" will be held at the home of Mrs. Robinson on May 9th. Roll call—Tribute to Mother's.

## Never a Break

The consumer never gets a break; not if the government can help it. It will be only too well remembered that when the two cent tax was put on sugar, it became effective the next morning after the budget was delivered at Ottawa. The result was that those who handled sugar, whether in a wholesale or retail way, boosted their prices immediately without regard as to whether their stocks had been secured at the lower price.

The budget last week announced that the tax was to be cut to one cent; but did the change become effective next day. It did not. The lower price on sugar will not become effective this time until July 1st—Ex.

## Milk and Meat Inspection By-law

The milk and meat by-law endorsed by the ratepayers in February, is slowly but surely being rounded into shape. Those who voted for milk and meat inspection are in the same positions as those who voted for Government control of liquor when prohibition went out—the law was drafted after the vote was taken. The same applies to the inspection of milk and meat in the village of Crossfield.

What is actually required under the provisions of this by-law, we do not know, however, we hope to be able to give our readers a summary of this by-law in next week's issue, following the meeting of the Council on Monday next.

We believe the inspection of milk and meat a step in the right direction. We have every confidence in the Council, and even though we voted for a "pig in a poke" we believe that both the consumer and vendor will be given fair consideration.

## Health Act Violated

A mild epidemic of chicken-pox has been prevalent here lately and apparently nothing has been done to prevent the spread of this mild but contagious disease.

It has been apparent that there has been a laxity in preventing the spread of these contagious diseases in Crossfield for sometime. While, perhaps, it is just as well for children to have measles, chicken-pox, mumps, etc. while in their infancy, it is only fair, that parents who do not want their children to contract these diseases, "if at all avoidable" be given protection.

The fault lies with the parents who do not report these cases to the local Health Officer. But, because they violate the law is no reason why they should get away with it.

The Village Council should appoint a Medical Health Officer from year to year at a stated amount, and then it will be up to him to see to it that precautions necessary to the health of the Village are carried out.

## Board of Trade

Owing to everybody being busy with spring work, the regular monthly meeting of the Board for May has been postponed until Thursday evening next, when it will be held in the Masonic Hall commencing at 8 o'clock sharp.

It is hoped that as many members as possible will attend this meeting, because much business will be brought up in connection with the welfare and development of the community.

On going to press we have been unable to find out who the speaker will be to address the meeting.

A meeting of the Crossfield Local U. F. A. will be held in the U. F. A. hall on Saturday, May 5th at 8 o'clock. A full attendance is requested.

Mrs. Cartwright and daughter are visitors in Calgary this week.

## Hardware Prices

Barbed Wire, 4 point, 80 rod spools each . . . . .	\$4.10
Hog Fencing, per rod . . . . .	43c
Wire Staples, 2 lbs. . . . .	15c
Nails, 2 1-2 to 7 inches, 3 lbs for . . . . .	20c
Finishing Nails, per lb. . . . .	9c
Gopher Poison, 2 tins for . . . . .	95c
PONTIAC RANGE—"Moffat" with reservoir and high closet, fire box for either coal or wood 18x6x7 inches. Oven 17x20x11 inches . . . . .	\$44.25

Bring your own container and get  
Hard Oil and Gun Grease at  
10c per lb.

## Crossfield District Co-Operative Association U. F. A. Limited.

Your motor should run sweet and true as when you bought it. Those knocks and rattles coming from your motor mean waste of fuel and oil. What your car really needs is a first class Spring Overhaul.

Drop in and let us quote you a price  
on your overhaul.

## The Highway Garage

W. J. Wood

Phone 11

## THE OLIVER HOTEL

A. CRUICKSHANK, Prop.

Steam Heated, Hot and Cold Water

Dining Room and Lunch Counter in Connection

Crossfield

Phone 54

Alberta.

## Fence Posts

We have just unloaded two cars of Fence Posts, priced at from 10 cents to 17 cents each. You can find just the class of post you want, right here in our yard.

NUT COAL now on hand  
for summer use.

## Atlas Lumber Co. Ltd.

Member

Phone 15

W.R.L.A.

From now until further notice we will close at 1 p. m.  
on Wednesday afternoons.

## School Supplies

Mechanical Sets, Compasses, Dictionaries, Paints, Paint Refills, Loose Leaf Note Books, Fountain Pens, Speedball Pens, Pencils and Pen Holders, Indian Ink, Red, Blue and Black Ink, Crayons, Mucilage, Paste, Art Brushes, Mapping Pens, Art Pads, Pencil Boxes, Scribblers and Exercise Books.

Foolscap, Ink and Chalk  
for Schools.

## Chronicle Stationery Store

Printing and Stationery



Dixie Plug Smoking Tobacco is economical because each pipeful gives longer-lasting pleasure...and you can cut it off water-tight or cut it coarse—just suit yourself. Get this big, quality plug today.

**DIXIE**  
PLUG SMOKING TOBACCO

## Wheat Prices And Economic Experiment

International experts of the wheat advisory commission have been engaged, at Rome, in studying ways and means of raising wheat prices, and, according to press despatches of recent date, have reached decisions which will be submitted to the governments of the signatory countries for approval and, it is presumed, concerted action. Decisions, it is stated, must be ratified in time to permit their implementation by June 1.

Details of the plan which have emanated, so far, from the conference at Rome, are not complete enough to warrant analysis with a view to computing their effects. Apparently, however, it is proposed to employ a price-fixing system to regulate exports rather than the commoner process of regulating exports to control price fluctuations. Apparently, too, the intention is to base the minimum price of wheat on the relation between export supplies and the month to month demand, with the London quotas rigorously adhered to by the exporting countries.

Nothing has been said so far as to the price objective. Undoubtedly, however, unless it be the 63.02 gold cent price computed as the "average price of all parcels of imported wheat of all grades sold during each week in all the ports of Great Britain", the terms of the London agreement, as they apply to the exporting countries, will be rendered nugatory. This is the price which, according to the agreement, must be reached and maintained over a period of sixteen weeks, before scaling down of customs tariffs begins.

Western Canada awaits with interest and expectation complete details of the proposals drafted by the experts for submission to the signatory nations. Price, of course, is a matter of paramount importance to the farmers of the prairie provinces, and if, by agreement, the world price can be raised and stabilized, a long step will have been taken towards stabilizing the agricultural industry in Western Canada. It is impossible here to talk of lowering production costs while debt and other charges remain as a high and uncontrollable overhead factor in them.

Of scarcely less significance to the prairie farmer is the matter of lower customs duties against Canadian wheat in the importing countries of Europe. If then, in addition to raising world prices, there is an adjustment downward of tariffs associated with wholehearted efforts by the importing countries to increase consumption of wheat and at the same time to reduce domestic production, western agriculture may assume with some hope of fulfillment and success, the task of orienting itself to the new economic objective. That is to say, if the spirit of the London agreement is observed to the letter of its various terms, there is no obvious reason why, once the carryovers are disposed of, Canada's export quota should not progressively increase pari passu with her ability to consume the products of industries indigenous to her own production processes. It is conspicuous that the ultimate determinant of positive or negative reaction to the terms of the London agreement by the importing countries will be the "balance of trade".

Throughout the world, a series of exceedingly interesting and vitally important economic experiments are underway, with the various nations engaged in concerted efforts to set their own production processes in order. The United States is seeking prosperity and stability through the agency of the Roosevelt "New Deal". Mussolini has his corporative state with industry, organized on a national basis, acting as "economic advisor" of the government. Germany is essaying recovery through a process of state intervention, and Austria apparently is preparing to adopt the Italian model. Russia, of course, is seeking to gear the productive machine to the needs of her people, through socialization. In Britain, the means to recovery is styled "rationalization". All the experiments have one element in common—government intervention, government control and government regulation. The same trend is patent in Canada, for recent legislation has laid foundations for a wide range of machinery for control and regulation, which is to be erected and made operative as conditions determine.

### Value Of Birds

Rev. B. F. Henry of Pratt, Mass., in placing the value of the various species of birds, said the meadow larks are worth \$2 each. "The robin," he said, "is worth its weight in gold." In setting the value of the robin, Rev. Henry declared it does great work in eliminating garden and lawn pests, while the meadow lark also helps the farmer by assisting in ridding his fields of the smaller pests.

### World's Cheapest Air Rate

The world's cheapest air service has been inaugurated between Glasgow, Belfast, and London. The service will cost passengers not more than a penny a mile. Equipped with two motors of 460 horsepower each, the planes will carry 15 passengers and two pilots. The Southern Railway Company is now operating an air line between Croydon and the Isle of Wight.

## Smothering Sensations Faint and Dizzy Spells

Those feelings of faintness; those dizzy spells; those all-gone smothering, sinking sensations; those come over people from time to time, are warnings that should not go unheeded. They indicate an extremely weakened condition of the nerves and other vital organs, and should be given immediate attention. H. and N. Pills is a remedy which will find in Milburn's health, build up their run down system, and bring back their healthy vigor.

Ask your druggist for Milburn's H. and N. Pills.



### Thousand Miles An Hour

Astonishing Things Predicted By Sir Charles Kingsford-Smith

Whirling through the stratosphere at well over a thousand miles an hour in the hermetically-sealed cabin of a giant air liner, guided entirely by wireless control stations on earth—can you imagine the possibility, Sir Charles Kingsford-Smith, hero of the recent record-smashing flight to Australia, believes this not only possible, but likely. In an astonishing vision of aerial development within the next fifty years he foresees air travel brought to such a pitch that ships and railways will become semi-obsolete, their sole use being as carriers of heavy freight.

"There will be no human pilot, but gyroscopic control," said Sir Charles. "The huge flying liners which will move through the stratosphere at a uniform speed of 1,200 miles an hour, carrying 100 passengers in their luxurious cabins, will be fitted with super-efficiency, super-charged engines and variable pitch propellers. "Risk will be negligible. Each plane will have ten, twelve or fifteen engines, all in the event of one cutting off, the other in charge will simply detach that engine from the propeller while the mechanics repair it en route. Crude oil will probably be used as fuel."

Actually, to accomplish the amazing speed of which Sir Charles speaks we do not require more powerful engines than some already built. The atmospheric density 60,000 feet above the earth is about a quarter of what it is here, so that an engine, which under normal conditions to-day attains the high speed of 350 miles an hour, would hurtle through the rarefied atmosphere at 1,400 miles an hour.

### Rich Collection For Museum

B.C. University Receives Rare Specimens From Dr. Fraser

The University of British Columbia will be enriched by a collection of hundreds of species of marine life, many hitherto unknown to science as a result of an 8,500-mile cruise through the south Pacific by a scientific party of which Dr. C. McLean Fraser, professor of zoology, was a member.

Dr. Fraser returned to Vancouver after an absence of three months. He declared that the expedition involved very little romance, but much hard work. He expects the discoveries made in the comparatively virgin scientific field off the coast of South America will have important bearings in the study of marine flora and fauna.

The specimens collected ranged from snakes and monkeys found on shore to sea anemones, brilliantly tinted "angel" fish and crustaceans. Dr. Fraser, being a world authority on a minute form of sea life known as hydroids, brought back a large number of formerly unknown types for the university museum.

## PRICES RISE BUT TEA STILL MOST ECONOMICAL

Three years of disastrous low prices for tea finally goaded the grown-up into action and they were formed a few months ago to control production. Prices have already advanced and as soon as merchants have exhausted their present stocks the housewife will have to pay slightly more for her favourite beverage. Finest teas such as "Salada" still produce about 5 cups for a cent.

### A Double Nasturtium

New Flower Developed By Successor To Luther Burbank

A double "nasturtium" that "looks like an azalea and ranges in color from lemon yellow to scarlet" has been developed at Philadelphia. It was created by David Burpee, who has continued the work of Luther Burbank in developing new varieties of plants.

The new flowers have attracted considerable attention at the recent local flower show, where they have been called "the poor man's orchid."

### Teaching "Jiu Jitsu"

Miss Dorothy Curtis, recently returned from Japan where she has been teaching school for three years, has enrolled for her final year at the University of Wisconsin. In order to help pay expenses, she has organized a "jiu jitsu" class for girls. Miss Curtis, proficient in the art herself, says she has some promising students.

First book printed in America was the "Escala Espiritual" of San Juan Cilmaco; no copies are known to be in existence.

## Stay fit

Sharply Invigorating  
**ANDREWS' LIVER SALT**  
To maintain nature's rhythm  
In the blood and New Life Rhythm

### Yacht Cup Race

Mrs. Sopwith Will Act As Timekeeper On The Endeavor

Mrs. T. D. Sopwith, who will act as timekeeper on her husband's challenging yacht, the Endeavor, when it attempts to wrest the America's cup from the United States this summer off Newport, R.I., is anticipating the turn of her life.

In every race of the series she will stand close beside Mr. Sopwith at the wheel, a stop-watch grasped in either hand, advising him to the second the time the Endeavor has made on each leg of the run, the time of its opponent, how they stand. It is important.

"I wouldn't miss it for anything in the world," she told the Associated Press when interviewed at the Sopwith's handsome town residence in Park Lane. "I always act as timekeeper in our races, but this, of course, will be the biggest of all."

"You may be sure I won't wear trousers," she said. "Just a skirt and a blouse and jacket. If there's a heavy sea I have a waterproof."

### Historic Treasure Prized

Old Sword Once Flashed At Battle Of Waterloo

An historic sabre that once flashed in battle under the colors of King Louis XVI of France is a relic highly treasured today by Auguste de la Tremandun, who was established at Montmartre, Saak, 1893.

It is the sabre of Baron de la Villabau, Tremandun's grand-uncle, who was breveted lieutenant by Louis XVI in 1785. The baron took part in all the campaigns of Louis XVI including those of Napoleon on the march to and from Moscow, the battle of Waterloo and the defeat of Bonaparte. He died in 1838 and the sabre passed on to Tremandun.

The 94-year-old pioneer of this little village migrated from France in 1873 and established his home at Chrysosom, Chautauque county, Quebec. He moved west 20 years later.

### Light Refreshments

Police Of New York Evidently Have Hearty Appetites

New York's "Finest" may not be either wealthy or wise but they are certainly healthy. Judging from the recent exploit of 6,000 policemen.

On a special occasion these "Coppers" had breakfast together recently and here is what they are reported to have eaten: 8,000 grapefruit, 1,200 pounds of oatmeal, 24,000 eggs (scrambled), 2,500 roast chickens, 4,500 pounds of potatoes, 12,000 sausages, and 1,000 pounds of sugar.

This light snack was washed down with 800 gallons of coffee, 800 quarts of milk and 1,250 quarts of cream.

If the reader chooses, he can figure out the exact share of the average policeman for himself.

### School Age At Eight

Children should not be permitted to go to school until they reached the age of eight, in the opinion of Dr. Laurence P. Folsom, president of the New England Council of Optometrists. "The eyes of the human being," he says, "do not reach the state of maturity until the child is eight years of age, and much of the unnecessary strain to which we subject the eyes of children in the classroom should be avoided to insure healthy eyes among the future generations."

About two-thirds of the road mileage in the United States still rates as "unimproved."

The Caspian sea is the world's largest inland sea.



## Agricultural Notes

Many Items Of Interest To The Western Farmer

In Canada the European earwig is found only in the province of British Columbia.

The major commercial areas in Canada producing table stock sweet turnips for export are Ontario and Prince Edward Island.

According to prevailing estimates the Canadian sugar beet acreage in 1933 was about 2 per cent. lower than in 1932.

The total annual production of clovers and grass seeds in Canada has remained about the same in recent years.

Canada has a world-wide reputation as a producer of asparagus, Ontario seed having dominated world markets in quality and price for many years.

The Canadian milling industry provides a market for about 15 million bushels of Canadian grown barley in the manufacture of food products and feeds.

There appears to be a good future for certain varieties of prunes grown in Canada for drying purposes. The imports of prunes in 1932 fell to \$85,327 from \$177,525 in 1931.

The expansion of tobacco production in Canada from 13 million pounds in 1921 to 54 million pounds in 1932 has given rise to difficulties in marketing the crop to advantage.

Green, wax potted beans, and also beans for baking, are staple products for which cannery requirements depend upon crop conditions and carry-over, the domestic demand being fairly constant but the export prospect small.

In Eastern Canada many farmers who some time ago went out of sheep on account of poor fence protection are now in a position to go into sheep raising again, wire fencing being gradually substituted at a moderate cost for rail fences.

The Canadian malting industry furnishes an outlet for a relatively small amount of high grade malting barley grown in Canada. This demand has increased steadily in recent years, and in 1932, 5,441,000 bushels of barley were used by malsters.

The commercial production and demand for brome, western rye, and crested wheat grass seeds is practically limited to the prairie provinces, where last year 900,000 pounds of brome, 225,000 pounds of western rye and some 3,000 pounds of crested wheat grass commercial seeds were produced.

The increase in the 1933 potato crop in Canada over 1932 is partly due to increased acreage and partly to higher yields per acre in certain provinces. The 1933 crop is estimated at 41 million cwt., which is four per cent. above 1932 and 10 per cent. above the 1928-32 average production.

The acreage and tonnage of grapes in Canada has shown a steady increase since 1920. The future of the grape market is bound up with the wine industry, as the productive acreage of grapes in Ontario will over-supply the fresh fruit markets and the apparent winery requirements.

The increase in dairy cow and heifer population in the Western provinces points to a continuation in 1934 of the level of dairy production reached in 1933, providing that the range in relative prices between dairy products and beef remains the same.—The Agricultural Situation bulletin.

### Like Good Old Days

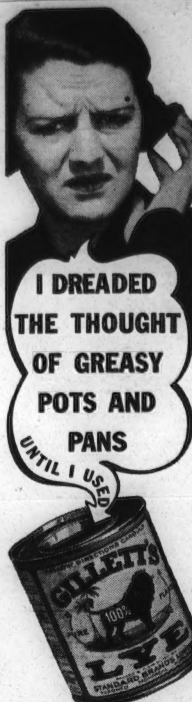
Useful Home Production Idea Revived By Alberta Settlers

The "good old days" have come back to the rural district of Erskine, Alberta, with a return to useful home production. The same engine that has chopped a generous supply of wood for the summer months also runs a chopper that grinds wheat into breakfast food. From hides men fashion everything from moccasins to coats.

Sugar beets provide syrup which, combined with yeast, gives the settler vinegar, and women, so prolific in the knitting of socks, sweaters and caps, have revived talk of the old spinning wheel.

A lifeboat has been designed which is equipped with rotating rams at bow and stern on which it can be slid down beside of a ship safely no matter what the ship's position may be.

Six out of ten people have one leg shorter than the other, according to a noted physician. Is that why they run around in circles?



**It cuts through grease—makes messy kitchen jobs easy!**

DON'T be a slave to kitchen chores. Just use a solution of one teaspoonful of Gillett's Pure Flake Lye dissolved in a quart of cold water. It puts an end to stubborn stains. Lifts grease and grime off like magic!

Gillett's Lye is indispensable for all your heavy cleaning... for stovetop drains... for toilet bowls. Order a tin from your grocer today. Say good-bye to hard scrubbing and scrubbing!

\*Never dissolve lye in hot water. The action of the lye itself heats the water.

**FREE BOOKLET**—Be sure to get the new revised Gillett's Lye Booklet... it tells how this powerful cleaner and disinfectant will lighten dozens of household tasks. Contains full information for soap making, thorough cleaning and other uses on the farm. Write for free copy to Standard Brands Limited, Fraser Ave. & Liberty St., Toronto, Ont.

**GILLETT'S LYE EATS DIRT**

### For War Prevention

A resolution asking government control of key minerals as a method of war prevention, endorsed by the Vancouver Women's Canadian Club and the Calgary Business and Professional Women's Club, will be sent to the League of Nations Society, at Ottawa, for further action.

**33 RIT COLORS** Get exactly the color you want from the new Instant Rit range... it soaks right and STAYS... never leaves streaks or spots... and makes everything you use it on positively lovely.

**YOU'LL HAVE BETTER LUCK WITH RIT** NEW! No longer a soap! Dissolves instantly.





## Figures Recently Released Show The Important Position Held By Agriculture In Canada

A graphic illustration of the increase in farm production in Canada since 1890 is found in figures compiled by the Dominion Bureau of Statistics.

Production of wheat, the great staple crop, mounted from 42 million bushels in 1890 to over 420 million bushels in 1930, an increase of tenfold. The increase of oat harvests from 83 million to 423 million bushels was over fivefold. Other grains although grown on a smaller scale have shown even greater relative advances. The rate of increase of field crop production has been much greater than that of animal products, livestock and animal products having roughly doubled in the same period. Cattle sold and slaughtered have increased from 958,000 to over 2,000,000 and swine sold and slaughtered have risen from 1,800,000 to 3,800,000. Production of milk and eggs has likewise been doubled. The area of field crops, given as 15.6 million acres in 1890, had grown to 58 million acres in 1930, an increase of 272 per cent. during the forty-one years.

In 1890 the total agricultural output was valued at 294 million dollars, with the mineral output valued at 17 millions, and the manufacturing output at 475 million dollars. Agricultural production in 1930 had risen to 1,268 million dollars, mineral production to 280 millions, and the value of manufacturing to 3,429 millions. Although the value of agricultural products relative to manufactured products fell from 62 per cent. to 37 per cent. as industrialization gradually expanded, the growth of manufacturing depended in no small part upon expansion in agriculture. In 1931 the value of farm products used by manufacturers was over 30 per cent. of the value of all materials used, and approximately 25 per cent. of the gross value of products manufactured was accounted for by manufacturers of Canadian farm origin.

About 17 per cent. of the value of all export trade in 1890 was made up of wheat, barley, oats, rye, seeds, vegetables, fruits, tobacco, hay, cattle, hides and skins, milk and cream. These products formed 25 per cent. of the value of all exports in 1930.

### People Becoming Robots

Small Per Centage Are Thinkers In This Machine Age

Sir Ernest Benn, speaking at a luncheon of the Incorporated Sales Managers' Association in London, declared that there were not 2,000,000 people in the world who could think, the youngster of to-day, he said, starts in an education which is a mass-production machine. When he goes to work his whole life must be regulated. Outside his work he reads a newspaper produced to attract the coppers of the mill. He listens to the wireless and has the soul destroying experience of knowing that he is applying his heart and mind—so far as he has got any—to the same tune or words that a million others are absorbing. He goes to the cinema, and, whether he likes it or not, absorbs all the atrocities that come out of Hollywood. This young man is being compelled to become a Robot in a fatalistic scheme of things which make him believe that he can count for very little. In Russia and Italy the people were doomed to ignorance by order. The same process was beginning in Germany.

### Honesty Of The Orient

Japan paid 2,000,000 gold francs to the League of Nations and officially interpreted the action as meaning that, though that country resigned from the league, it intends to pay its obligations promptly while still legally a member. The payment, cheerfully league circles considerably because some other countries owe a total of some 22,000,000 francs in membership fees.

### Predicts Many Icebergs

Lieutenant Commander Edward H. Smith, United States Coast Guard, an expert on icebergs, predicts that this year approximately 650 icebergs will come south of Newfoundland toward trans-Atlantic ship lanes. He has been studying meteorological conditions for several months in European and North Atlantic countries.

It was not until after the civil war in the U.S. that the tomato reached the northern states, although well-known in the north.

W. N. U. 2044

### Coal Found Near Akhvik

Will Prove Boon To Residents Of Isolated Districts

Discovery of reputed good quality coal in the barren outlying districts of Akhvik promises a boon to scattered residents of this little community, isolated on the outer edge of the Arctic rim.

Discovery of the vein, six feet deep and within a few miles of the settlement, would eliminate the difficult haul by scow of 20 miles from Fort Norman, and would bring a dependable supply of coal, described in quality as equal to the best lignite of Edmonton mines.

At present the main source of fuel is the rapidly thinning scrub bushes along the winding shores of the river, and the shipments of coal from Fort Norman. The imported coal, however, is of soft quality and "powdery" too easily to be used extensively. Cost of 250 per ton also is almost prohibitive for settlers, and even in institutions such as the Church of England mission and hospital crude oil is used extensively.

### Serves Two-Fold Purpose

Headlight Of New Streamlined Train

The headlight of the new streamlined railroad train is designed to serve a two-fold purpose. In addition to directing a powerful beam of light far down the track another shaft of light of great brilliancy is shot directly upward far into the sky. This vertical beam is designed to serve as an extra factor of safety, as it can be seen at great distances and warns motorists and others of the approaching train, thus eliminating the danger of collisions.

### Winnipeg Newspaper Union



By Ruth Rogers



JUST A LITTLE FLAX PROCE-  
YET TOO CUTE FOR WORDS

FOR PARIS HAS A WAY  
OF MAKING IT ADORABLE

Stacks and stacks of washing  
frocks—never a one too many for  
normal little girls who love to romp  
and play.

This cunning bloomer dress an-  
swers mode's call in French blue and  
white dimity. Note how dainty it  
is with the sash across the back. The  
scallop collar is white organdy.

See for yourself what a simple af-  
fair it is to fashion.  
Trim: gingham checks, candy  
striped percale, pastel cotton broad-  
cloths in plain or print, linen, etc.,  
are sturdy, smart materials for this  
dress and the matching bloomers,  
which you must not forget!

Style No. 673 is designed for sizes  
2, 4 and 6 years.  
Size 4 requires 2½ yards of 39-  
inch material with ¾ yard of 35-inch  
contrasting.

Price of pattern 20 cents in stamps  
or coin (coin is preferred). Wrap-  
en carefully.

### How To Order Patterns

Address: Winnipeg Newspaper Union,  
170 McDermott Ave., Winnipeg

Pattern No. .... Size .....

Name .....

.....

Town .....

### SOME PHOTOGRAPHERS ARE LUCKY



The press photographer who "shot" this picture admitted it was his lucky day, and we agree with him. A motorcyclist travelling down Newbridge Hill over the River Dart, in Devonshire, suddenly stopped as the wheel of his sidecar went flying through the air, and the photographer released the shutter of his camera at the critical moment.

### Figures Are Discouraging

Highway Accidents In Canada In-  
creasing At Alarming Rate

Ontario drivers are not maintain-  
ing the safety record they set up  
during 1933. According to figures  
issued by the Motor Vehicles Branch  
of the Ontario Department of High-  
ways, the number of reported acci-  
dents in February showed an eight  
per cent. increase over the same  
period last year, and it was during  
clear weather—under favorable con-  
ditions—that the increase occurred.

If there were any indication, any-  
where, that the Canadian motorist  
was beginning to learn how to drive  
in safety, the figures on traffic faili-  
ngs would not be so discouraging.  
We could say, in that case, that the  
long list of deaths came simply be-  
cause the motor car still was a rela-  
tively new bit of machinery, and  
that things would work themselves  
out, once everybody got the hang of  
it.

But we can't say that. Far from  
learning to handle our cars safely,  
we are making a worse record now  
than five years ago.

This can mean only one thing:  
that we are actually driving with  
less care to-day than we were five  
years ago. Far from learning to  
handle these new machines, we are  
getting worse. Fatalities are in-  
creasing at a discouraging rate—  
Guelph Mercury.

### Large Meat Consumption

Great Britain Has Highest Average  
And Italy Lowest

We cannot vouch for the figures  
that follow but they seem to come  
from a trustworthy source. Large  
slaughter-houses in this country  
number 1,600 besides innumerable  
small local killing places. Four foot-  
ed animals killed for food number  
120 millions, not including those  
butchered on farms and in small  
local butcheries. The average amount  
of meat eaten in the United States  
was 145 pounds in 1921, a decrease  
of about 20 pounds per person since  
1900. Europe's average consumption  
is around 70 pounds per person.  
Great Britain's average is the highest,  
Italy's the lowest; Japan's consump-  
tion is 1.5 pounds per person for a  
year and 25 pounds of fish. In large  
sections of the world practically no  
meat is eaten because of religious  
scruples—Our Dumb Animals.

### Beginning And End

Famous Physician Gives Interesting  
Facts About Births And Deaths

The majority of babies enter this  
turbulent world at its quietest time,  
between two and five o'clock in the  
morning. Strangely enough, most  
people depart this life at the very  
hour when Napoleon insisted man  
needed the greatest courage—four  
o'clock in the morning. These con-  
clusions are reached by a famous  
physician, Dr. Edward Jenny, after  
prolonged study. Dr. Jenny dis-  
covered that the number of births in-  
creases rapidly towards midnight,  
reaches a maximum between two and  
five in the morning and falls off to a  
minimum late in the afternoon. There  
is a difference of 40 per cent. be-  
tween the number born around 5  
p.m. (12,257) and 5 a.m. (17,254).  
A similar rhythm is found in the  
pulse rate, blood pressure, rate of  
breathing and other organic activi-  
ties during the course of twenty-four  
hours. The death rate, too, follows a  
cycle. Although most deaths occur  
at the hour mentioned, Dr. Jenny de-  
duced that invalids should fear the  
hours when day is changing into  
night, and the hours when night is  
changing into day. Dawn and dusk.  
The hours of death, however, are  
not so marked as the hours of birth.

### Timothy Seed Production

Production In Canada Is Still Con-  
siderably Short Of Requirements

Domestic production of timothy  
seed in Canada is still far short of  
consumption, so that still further  
production of this crop may be en-  
couraged. According to the Agri-  
cultural Situation Bulletin, timothy  
ordinarily yields from 200 to 300  
pounds of seed per acre, and growers  
have received on an average about  
8½ cents per pound for the seed  
basis No. 1 grade, over the past three  
years. Canada uses annually about  
10 million pounds of timothy seed  
and until 1931 some 9 million pounds  
of this was imported from the United  
States. Domestic production since  
1931 has been greatly stimulated by  
educational activities and the pro-  
spect of a large domestic market.  
As a result, production increased from  
less than a million pounds to some  
five million pounds in 1932, but de-  
clined to about 2,700,000 pounds in  
1933 due to unfavorable weather con-  
ditions.

## Britain Has Met New World Conditions With Less Violent Change Than Other Countries

### Moscow Has Problem

Market Overstocked With Canned  
Corn People Refuse To Eat

Wafers, steak, canned whale meat,  
Arctic hare and horse are recognized  
if infrequent entries on the Russian  
menu—but canned corn—never! Over  
that honest staple of American diet  
the Soviet food-purveyors have made  
one of their most entertaining bad  
guesses.

Canned corn, excellent in quality  
and, to the American palate, a tasty  
change to bland vegetables are  
few, arrived on the Moscow  
market some months ago. It's esti-  
mated there were some 2,800,000 tins  
of the novelty.

Now, with another spring just  
ahead the store keepers are faced  
with the critical question who's to  
eat the stuff, for the Russian popu-  
lace has decided corn is a food for  
animals only, and though American  
residents have bought their fair  
share of the crop, the bulk of the  
cans remains unmovable on the  
shelves.

Recently there's been correspond-  
ence in the English language  
Moscow Daily News which summarizes  
the situation, and gives some reasons  
for it.

"The citizens of Moscow may have  
a prejudice against canned foods,"  
suggests the writer. "Secondly, it  
seems that Russians think corn is  
not a food for men. Thirdly, the  
Russians are not used to eating corn  
for milk, butter and other articles  
which are not any too plentiful at  
present."

"Soon another spring will come,  
summer pass and in the fall of this  
year we shall picture another flood  
of canned corn let loose on the mar-  
ket. It will join the hundreds of  
thousands of cans remaining on the  
shelves, unless action is taken. Corn  
flakes will be on the market soon  
and they, too, will share from the  
store widows and slaver from the  
cold reception they will receive."

—And the writer suggests advertis-  
ing—something not practiced in the  
Soviet Union—and perhaps an "eat-  
corn-corn" campaign by the authori-  
ties.

### U.S. Farmers Receive Aid

Huge Amount To Be Paid Out By  
End Of 1934

United States farmers, already en-  
riched by nearly \$300,000,000, will  
pocket \$1,085,000,010 in benefit  
payments before the end of 1934.

An analysis of expenditures to be  
made by the farm administration  
during the present year in its wheat,  
corn, hog, corn, tobacco, and dairy  
reduction program indicates it has  
only begun to approach its spending  
stride.

Up to April 1 the administration  
had paid out \$179,702,885 to farmers  
who agreed to reduce their cotton,  
wheat and tobacco acreage. Benefit  
payments to corn and hog farmers  
are just beginning to trickle out, the  
dairy program is in its formative  
stages, tobacco farmers have received  
only a portion of the money com-  
ing to them, and the second pay-  
ment to wheat farmers is yet to be  
made.

### May Bar Slot Machines

Egyptian Government Says Permits  
Will Not Be Renewed

Coin-operated games as well as  
certain types of vending machines  
may be prohibited in Egypt. The  
minister of the interior has notified  
the owners of the machines in ques-  
tion that permits for their use will  
not be renewed. A long campaign  
against gambling machines has been  
carried on by various elements in  
Egypt, including influential newspa-  
pers. The great majority of all the  
games are of American manufacture.

### Would Remain Canadians

A resolution urging that Canadian  
women married to foreigners and  
continuing to reside in Canada be  
allowed to retain their nationality  
was passed at a meeting of the Cana-  
dian Alliance for Women's Vote in  
Quebec, under the presidency of  
Miss Idola Saint Jean. The resolu-  
tion was forwarded to Premier R. B.  
Bennett.

Automatic machines are causing  
a saving of over \$100,000 a year in  
the savings bank department of the  
British post office.

Three British doctors recently suc-  
ceeded in isolating the virus of in-  
fluenza.

### Walter Elliot, the British Minister

of Agriculture, in his recent broad-  
cast, which wound up the "Weather  
Britain" series, made some pro-  
foundly interesting observations  
which have application to Canada as  
well as to Great Britain. He de-  
scribed agriculture as still the greatest  
industry in Great Britain and being  
in danger of dying from a surfeit of  
liberty. "Any man is free to grow  
anything he liked here under any  
conditions, and any man is free to  
grow anything he liked anywhere  
abroad and send it here equally with  
any conditions." And he pointed  
out: "The liberty to grow anywhere  
and the liberty to buy everywhere  
are clearly not working out satis-  
factorily in practice." This has led  
to the voluntary discipline of British  
agriculturists, who have accepted  
the boards set up under the Market-  
ing Acts. Mr. Elliot has acknowl-  
edged frankly that his method is one  
of trial and error, but is already  
meeting with some success, and he  
claims that Great Britain has met  
the new world situation with less  
violent change than any other coun-  
try. He faces and accepts the world  
move towards economic nationalism,  
and believes that "the Western coun-  
tries will have to solve in future far  
more of their own problems at home  
than they have done in the last 100  
years."

Mr. Elliot uttered a profound  
truth which applies to Canada as  
much as it does to Great Britain,  
when he observed: "Statistics every  
day make national units more self-  
contained instead of less self-con-  
tained and make it only not less  
advisable but less possible for this  
country—or for any country—to ob-  
tain prosperity by putting all that it  
makes on wheels and running it off  
to the end of the earth." It is surely  
obvious that the present movement  
towards what is called economic  
nationalism can hardly be arrested,  
and it must become increasingly dif-  
ficult for Western countries to pre-  
serve their present standard living.

Such a situation, the British min-  
ister, if they co-operate fully and  
wisely, have the soundest prospects  
of individual prosperity. As Mr.  
Elliot observed: "It is not so much a  
matter of government as of leader-  
ship."—From Canada, London, Eng.

### Egg Grading Regulations

Revision In Effect For Most Of The  
Provinces Of Canada

The revised egg regulations are  
now legally in effect for domestic  
trading in all the provinces of Cana-  
da, with the exception of Prince  
Edward Island and New Brunswick;  
and, according to general reports,  
the new standards are being found  
much more satisfactory than the old  
ones. One point which shippers  
should bear in mind, says the De-  
partment of Agriculture, Eggs and  
Market Poultry Review, is that all  
eggs in the different weights of  
grade A are required to be "clean."  
Clean means free from spot or stain.  
There has been some tendency to  
place "yellowish" clean eggs in  
this grade, on the assumption that  
grade A medium replaces the old  
grade of Firsts. The requirements  
for cleanliness in grade A medium  
and grade A pullet are precisely the  
same as in grade A large. "Reason-  
ably clean" eggs, which in the past  
went into the grade of Firsts, now  
go into grade B. Cracked eggs are  
required to be packed separately  
and marked "Cracks."

### Queer Chinese Custom

Young Wife Sues For Divorce From  
Dead Husband

Married last year to a dead man,  
an attractive young woman of Can-  
ton, aged 30, daughter of a family  
which observes all ancient customs,  
Chu Tse-Ching is suing for a formal  
divorce from her "ghost" husband.  
Specific grounds alleged for divorce  
is cruelty by the mother of the dead  
spouse.

Chu Tse-Ching never saw the man  
to whom she was legally married.  
They were betrothed by their parents  
when they were children and the  
man died about a month before the  
date set for the wedding. Parents of  
the man insisted upon the marriage  
ceremony being carried out to soli-  
cise the spirit of the dead.

The black-browed albino of the  
Falkland Islands lays eggs as large  
as dinner plates.

England claims to have 144 mil-  
lionaires to America's 20.





## SEES SOME HOPE FOR SOLVING WHEAT PROBLEM

London.—"I am confident the world wheat problem is yielding to the patience and co-operative endeavor of the governments of both exporting and importing countries," declared John I. McFarland, of Winnipeg, as he prepared to return home.

Mr. McFarland was chief Canadian delegate at the world wheat conference in Rome which drew up a plan for a minimum world price for export wheat to be submitted to the respective governments. The conference is to resume at London next month, hoping to have received replies which will permit of drawing up a definite scheme that may be put in operation.

Mr. McFarland added, "The degree of unanimity we achieved at Rome augurs well for further success."

Meanwhile a protest against proposals formulated at the world wheat conference to establish a system of minimum world prices for export wheat will, it is understood, be drawn up by a special committee of the London Corn Trade Association for submission to the British government.

Sir Herbert Robson, the president, addressed the members in the Merchants' hall of the Baltic exchange on the subject of the recent Rome conference, which is to be renewed in London next month to receive the views of the represented governments on the minimum price scheme.

The meeting was private but it was learned that following Sir Herbert's address it was decided to set up a committee to draw up a protest.

## Siamese Royalty in London

King and Queen Coming Later To United States.

London.—The King and Queen of Siam have arrived for a six weeks' visit to London and occupy the most exclusive hotel suite in the world, corner rooms of the first floor of a famous hotel, which have never been occupied by anyone except royalty. The Empress Eugenie once occupied the suite and was visited there by Queen Victoria, this being the only occasion Victoria ever set foot in a London hotel.

The diminutive Siamese sovereign and his consort, who will shortly make another visit to the United States, will observe complete privacy during their stay. They will make a visit to Buckingham Palace, however.

## Motion Was Defeated

Committee Rejects Move To Restrict Head Bankers' Pay

Ottawa.—The house banking and commerce committee defeated a motion by William Irvine, U.P.A. member for Wetaskiwin, which would restrict the salaries of high bank officials to the amount currently received as salary by the prime minister of Canada. The committee also defeated a motion by the same member which would authorize bank employees to organize for the purpose of negotiating with their employers with respect to salaries, hours of work and general working conditions.

## Author Starts Court Action

Robert W. Service Plaintiff In Mortgage Case At Vancouver

Vancouver.—Robert W. Service, the man who made the Klondike famous in rhyme and story, is a plaintiff in supreme court here.

Service, now residing in Paris, France, has started an action to foreclose a mortgage on a North Vancouver house property because of alleged failure to pay \$553 taxes, insurance premiums and water rates. The principal sum is \$2,000.

## Tax Applies To Old Gold

Ottawa.—The finance department has officially announced that the new tax on gold will apply to sales of old gold to the mint. Persons possessing old gold in the form of jewelry or ornaments will be required to pay the tax on precisely the same terms as the producers of new gold.

## Bombay Cotton Strike

Bombay.—The number of strikers in the cotton mill dispute had risen to 50,000 here and all of the city's 49 mills were either completely deserted or crippled. A detachment of British policemen was dispatched to the scene of the trouble.

W. N. U. 2444

## Alberta Liquor Permits

Reduction In Fees To Take Effect May 1st

Edmonton.—Reductions of liquor permit fees from \$2 to 50 cents will take effect May 1, it was announced by R. J. Dinning, chairman of the Alberta Liquor Control Board.

On the same date, sales of bottled beer, to be taken off hotel premises, will be permitted.

The main vendors' stores in Edmonton and Calgary will remain open each night until midnight, commencing May 1. Mr. Dinning also announced.

Those who have already purchased \$2 permits will be given a refund upon making application, but there will be no such refunds after the end of the year. The new 50-cent permit will be good for all liquor purchases by its holder until the end of 1934.

Reductions in permits for druggists, physicians, veterinarians and dentists from \$2 to \$1 also are to take effect May 1. For hospitals, sanatoriums and similar private institutions, the permits are to cost 50 cents, instead of \$1, previously.

## Hopper War

Proper Temperature Only Needed To Develop Eggs

Saskatoon.—Farmers and grasshoppers are engaged in a race in which the grasshoppers have now advanced 220 degree-hours in the Saskatoon district, according to K. M. King, in charge of the federal entomological laboratory here. The farmers must get their protective measures completed before the hoppers advance 5,000 degree-hours, he explains.

It all depends on the warmth. Half an inch below the surface of the soil, millions upon millions of grasshopper eggs are waiting. If the soil temperature remains below 62 degrees they will remain undeveloped indefinitely.

But above 62 degrees the eggs begin to develop and one hour at 10 degrees above 62 degrees produces as much effect as 10 hours at one degree above that point.

## U.S. Navy Plans

Plan To Construct 20 To 35 Ships To Bring Navy To Strength

Washington.—Within four months the United States government expects to start building 20 of the 95 ships needed to bring the United States navy up to treaty limits.

President Roosevelt let it be known that the \$1,000,000,000 appropriation bill he will submit to congress shortly will provide money for initial construction in the treaty navy program.

That bill, said Chairman Carl Vinson of the house naval committee, will carry about \$40,000,000 for the first year's work on six submarines of 1,300 tons, 12 destroyers of 1,500 tons and two destroyer leaders of 1,850 tons.

## May Hold Conference

Imperial Meeting In London Suggested For Next Year

London.—In a special despatch from its Canberra correspondent, the Times said the suggestion had arisen during the visit of Stanley Bruce, Australian minister to the United Kingdom, an imperial conference might be held next year in London to consider questions of defence and economic policy in the light of the Ottawa agreements.

The newspaper said feeling existed in Australia in view of an apparent standstill in disarmament negotiations the decline in empire defence had created a situation of grave importance.

## Complaints Are Laid

Montreal.—Armed with recent amendments to the Women's Minimum Wage Act providing for heavier penalties including imprisonment for labor employers who allow sweatshop conditions in their factories, Gus France, chairman of the Women's Minimum Wage Commission, and Lucien Rodier, K.C., counsel, prepared complaints against seven dressmaking firms and Judge Maurice Tetreault signed the necessary summons.

## Going To English Home

Calgary.—Alberta's rancher Earl of Egmont, who had heretofore refused to have anything to do with his peers in England, plans to leave soon for the home of his ancestors, it was learned here. The Earl was out of town but the secretary to the countless said plans would be completed soon, although no date of departure had been set.

## Assistance For Airways

Appeal Is Made To Government For Some Aid

Ottawa.—An appeal was made to the government to give assistance in the way of contracts of some nature to the Canadian Airways, Limited. At a meeting with Hon. Hugh Guthrie, minister of justice; J. A. Macdonald, minister of railways; J. A. Richardson, president of the company; Sir Charles Gordon and E. W. Beatty, the situation was canvassed.

It was contended the company was doing a great work in the north in the development of mining and in making communication possible in the remote districts. The company had been hard hit by the loss of air mail contracts and it was suggested that some work be provided by the government.

The Canadian Pacific and the Canadian National Railways each put \$250,000 into one airways company. For some time reports have been current that the air mails would be resumed. It is understood the government took the company's request into consideration.

## Marooned Air Party Reaches Dawson Creek

Spent Winter In North After Plane Crashed Last August

Dawson Creek, B.C.—Marooned in the snowbound north all winter after their aeroplane crashed August 21 last in the remote upper half-way country near Cypress Creek, Captain C. A. Simmons, Mrs. Betty Rossbeach and Pilot John Bonnell, all of Chicago, have reached Dawson Creek in their rebuilt machine.

The party was exploring the possibilities of landing places between Fort St. John and the tropical valley last August when the motor of the machine quit above Cypress Creek. It was completely wrecked in the crash but none of the party was injured.

## CONCESSIONS IN TARIFFS SOUGHT BY DELEGATES

Ottawa.—Delegates continue to hound the officials of Hon. E. N. Rhodes, minister of finance, seeking concessions with respect to taxation and tariff announced in the budget.

A large delegation of steel and coal men had a conference with the minister with respect to the reduced drawback on soft coal used for manufacturing coke, while another delegation of steel men objected to the widened empire preference on iron or steel plates.

The delegation representative of the Yukon Gold Company was introduced to the ministers by Hon. George Black, speaker of the House of Commons, who represents the Yukon. They added their objections to the protests against the 10 per cent. tax on gold.

Any changes the government desires to make with respect to budget resolution will be announced as customary, in the House of Commons. Mr. Rhodes promised the government's careful consideration of all representations.

## BRITISH MINISTER OF AGRICULTURE WEDS



The Right Hon. Walter Elliot, British Minister of Agriculture, leaving St. Basil's Episcopal Church, North West, with his bride, the former Miss Katharine Tennant, half-sister of the Countess of Oxford and Asquith, after the marriage ceremony. Many members of Britain's nobility attended the wedding.

## ANZACS PREMIER



Prime Minister Forbes of New Zealand, who has announced that a royal commission will be appointed to investigate the New Zealand dairy industry and that a probe will be launched in the United Kingdom into causes of a discrepancy between prices for New Zealand dairy produce and those of competing countries.

## Revolution In Wireless

Marconi Using Shorter Wave Lengths Than Any Yet Known

London.—A revolution in wireless communication may result from new experiments now being carried out by Guglielmo Marconi, using much shorter waves than any yet known, the Morning Post said.

Sensor Marconi is engaged in the first regular communication tests over distances of hundreds of miles between stations near Genoa and Leghorn in Italy, using wave-lengths of 50 and 60 centimetres.

The newspaper interviewed the inventor and was told the experiments were obtaining "very fair reception, although not as good as we want."

There was no apparent difference between day and night reception on the new wave length, Senator Marconi told the newspaper representatives, but there were other variations the cause of which they had not yet discovered.

Sensor Marconi added the new waves greatly extended the range and would probably be applicable to television. He concluded they would have this advantage, "That there would be no interference of any kind."

## New Party Alignments

Events Are Moving Behind The Political Scenes In Britain

London.—Behind the political scenes forces are moving to new alignments of parties preparing for battle.

Sir Thomas Inskip, attorney-general and true-blue Conservative, proposes creation of a new national party to fight Socialism.

Labourites meantime had the recapitulation of the North Hammonds seat as an emphatic condemnation of the National government and endorsement of the Labor party program.

Liberals meet at Bournemouth to consider policy and plans of campaign.

Sir Oswald Mosley's Fascists claim to be rapidly gaining ground, although not represented in the house.

## Business Picks Up

Economic Position Still Continues To Be More Favorable

Toronto.—An economic position "more favorable than at any time since about mid-summer of 1931" was reported by the Financial Post in its quarterly survey of Canadian business. "In the first two months of 1934 alone," the paper says, "jobs were found for over 165,000 men and women. These figures crystallize just how far business recovery is making headway in this country."

The paper's index, based on 47 factors in business and industry, shows a gain of 31 per cent. in the past year.

With the two major exceptions of export wheat movement and new building permits, improvement was still distributed. In the case of building permits the paper notes that while totals for the first quarter of 1934 were down, March permits were higher than those of March last year.

For the first quarter, the survey shows, "railway" traffic improved by about 24 per cent. over the same period last year. Last week's carloadings in the western division were the highest reached this year, because of gains in livestock, lumber, pulp and paper, ore and steel loadings.

The basic iron and steel industry has found new business from automobile companies, mines and export sources in recent months, the survey finds. Automobile plants have been carried on by good export business and lately a "deluge" of domestic orders.

## Freedom Of The Press

American Newspaper Publishers Urge Members To Be Vigilant

New York.—The American Newspaper Publishers Association unanimously adopted a resolution urging its members to be "increasingly vigilant" to protect the principles of the freedom of the press from impairment.

The resolution—watched closely in view of the fight waged by an A.N.P.A. committee for a free press clause in the daily newspaper code—avoided any criticism of the N.R.A. or United States government officials.

## Will Net Large Sum

High Price Being Paid To Trappers For Muskrat Skins

Prince Albert, Sask.—First it was hogs, and now muskrats are contributing their bit to the return of better times here. Within three days approximately \$25,000 has been paid out for skins and still they are coming in.

It is believed that at least 150,000 hides will be brought into the city within the next few weeks. These will net trappers approximately \$112,500. Prices are double what they were last year.

## JAPAN'S POLICY IN CHINA IS NOW CLARIFIED

Tokyo.—The question of Japan's policy toward China was "clarified" by foreign minister Koki Hirota during a friendly talk with Sir Francis Lindley, British ambassador to Japan.

In response to the British request for a clarification of the foreign office spokesman's statement regarding China, Hirota told Sir Francis that although the spokesman's declaration was not official it was nevertheless a clear enunciation of Japan's policy regarding China.

This policy, previously espoused by Hirota himself in a trenchant speech before the Imperial Diet, is not a move toward exclusion by Japan of other countries from China, Hirota asserted. The open door doctrine, guaranteed under the nine-power treaty of 1922, is not affected, even by implication, except in so far as traffic in potential military materials is concerned, the foreign minister said.

London.—The United Kingdom eagerly scanned reports from Tokyo that the British ambassador had been informed the "hands off China" declaration was a clear exposition of Tokyo government policy, although unofficial at the time it was issued.

Sir John Simon, foreign secretary, was unable to give the House of Commons any information when he was questioned on the situation described as an ominous one by leading newspapers, declaring it would probably be some days before he would be able to present a report on the conversation between the British and Japanese governments.

## FEDERAL AID IS SOUGHT FOR LIVESTOCK MEN

Ottawa.—Government ownership of Canadian stockyards was proposed by Hon. George Hoadley, minister of agriculture from Alberta, when he appeared before the Stevens committee on price spreads and mass buying. The yards, he said, should be operated on a self-sustaining basis as public utilities, and the federal government could handle them better than provincial governments since it "had more money" to carry on the initial work. There would be no loss ultimately, he said, for the yards would carry themselves.

Mr. Hoadley further suggested an educational campaign to increase domestic consumption of wheat, and steps to buy greater quantities of manufactured goods from Great Britain so in the quid pro quo policy of that country it would not further restrict cattle imports from Canada.

He proposed the government should consider an "exclusive rate" on cattle shipments to the United Kingdom so ranchers would know definitely what their costs would be. There should be restriction of imports of meat, both chilled and canned, into Canada, he said, for "the heavy import of meat into Canada is a thorn in the side of the meat producers here."

The remarks of the British ministers that, unless the Dominions bought more, the flow of natural products from the Dominions to the U.K. markets were stressed by Mr. Hoadley, who urged that the government should do everything possible to prevent further restrictions of live cattle shipments to this country. Ranchers of Alberta and Saskatchewan must not be allowed to go into bankruptcy, he said, and the government should not hesitate to come to their rescue. Stability of prices for the ranchers was imperative.

Packers should not have such control over the markets as they had at present, it was felt. Packers' gross profits of 35 per cent. in 1933 was the cause of the loss of the man who raised the cattle. There should be a more equitable division.

He urged amendment of the Livestock Act to make packers publish prices they paid for cattle as was the case with stockyards. Hogs should be sold in grades, but this could not be done while 90 per cent. of Alberta hogs were sold direct to the packers. The man on the land did not understand the man being exploited by the packers, said Mr. Hoadley.

## No Joint Action

British Stake In China Greater Than Japan's

London.—The result of the British representations to the Japanese government over the "hands off China" declaration was in the hands of the government, but despite impatient queries in the House of Commons its substance remained a carefully guarded secret.

Although the government refused to make any statement for the time being there was some significance in the release from authoritative sources of figures showing that Britain's commercial stake in China is more than twice as great as Japan's, and way ahead of the United States investment.

This fact lend added weight to the authoritative information that Britain would not consider joint action with any other power in dealing with the new Japanese doctrine.

## Seeding Almost Finished

Lethbridge.—In the Lethbridge section of northern Alberta, 50 per cent. of the wheat seeding has been completed and 24 per cent. of the sugar beet crop is in the ground, with early sown beans showing in the rows. Seed is going into a splendid seed bed and rapid germination of all crops is expected.

## Use Snow Plows For Dust

Red Oak, Ia.—Snow plows were busy in Montgomery county, following the recent dust storm that lashed the states of Nebraska and Iowa and left the roads in this county clogged with dust, in some places one to three feet deep. The snow plows were called out to clear the roads.

## Declines Test For Age

Istanbul, Turkey.—Turkey's "Methusalem," Zaro Aga, has declined to undergo a test to determine his age, fearing the experiment might detract from his fame as the world's oldest man.

## Big Trade Increase

Gratifying Increase Is Marked In Recent Months

The total trade of Canada during the fiscal year 1933-34 which ended March 31, aggregated \$1,019,450,000 compared with \$887,007,000 in the fiscal year 1932-33, the department of trade and commerce announced recently. This was an increase of \$132,358,000 or almost 15 per cent.

The value of the export of gold bullion is not included in the statement and it is probable when the increased export price of gold during the past year compared with the mint par value of \$20.67 of previous years is added, the total trade of the Dominion for 1933-34 will also exceed the aggregate of \$1,066,100,000 in 1931-32.

"This gratifying increase in the trade of Canada has been very marked in recent months," said the Hon. H. H. Stevens, minister of trade and commerce, in commenting upon the statement. "It will be remembered that in April, May and June last, the first three months of the present fiscal year, trade was considerably below that of the same period a year ago.

"In April it was down 29 per cent, May eight per cent, and in June three per cent. Exports were down 26 per cent, in April but made increases in May and June. Imports continued to decline until August. In March our exports were up 57 per cent, and our imports 44 per cent, the aggregate trade for the month increasing by exactly 51 per cent, a truly remarkable showing."

## A Colossal Building

Palace Of Soviets Supposed To Express Aspirations Of Russian People

Some interesting details of the projected Palace of the Soviets, soon to be erected in Moscow, are contained in the current issue of the Economic Review of the Soviet Union, New York. This new structure will dwarf all existing buildings in the world.

The Palace of the Soviets will rise to a height of about 1260 feet. At present, the world's highest man-made structure is the Empire State building in New York, which is 1,248 feet high. It will be surmounted by a colossal statue of Lenin, 180 feet tall. The Palace of the Soviets is designed as a single structure, consisting of two basic elements: a large hall seating 20,000, and a smaller hall seating 6,000. The large hall will be 900 feet high and will be covered by a dome of such dimensions that persons sitting within the hall will have the feeling of being in the open air.

Architectural drawings show the building to be of imposing proportions and yet there is something odd about the structure. The gigantic figure of Lenin does not seem to fit into the scheme very gracefully. But the palace is supposed to express the aspirations of the Russian people, and this it does quite well in its Russian way. Certainly Lenin is looked upon as something more than a national hero, and the statue for that reason is in an appropriate place—Ottawa Journal.

## Not Welcome In Alberta

Alberta Has Been Waging War Against Crows And Magpies

All-omned birds—crows and magpies—get no welcome in northern Alberta. Destroyers of bird life, taking heavy toll of grouse, partridge and pheasant eggs, the crows and magpies are "on the spot."

For ten years the Edmonton and Northern Alberta Game and Fish Protective League has waged war, aided by the Alberta department of agriculture. During the decade, 1,404,717 crow and magpie eggs have been destroyed and 422,449 crows and magpies killed. The provincial government pays a bounty on both eggs and birds.

## Hen Has Nest In Tree

James Duncan, farmer near Sarnia, Ont., has a hen that flies like a bird and lays its eggs daily in an abandoned bird's nest in a tall pine tree. The hen is a Barred Rock. Mr. Duncan made the discovery when an egg he had laid missed the nest and fell, nearly striking the farmer as he passed under the tree.

During the summer of 1933, temperature of over 100 degrees were reported every month in every American State except a few in the east.

The total area of Nova Scotia is approximately 21,500 square miles. Cape Breton comprises about one-eighth of this area.

W. N. U. 1934

## AUTOS, TRAINS, EVEN HATS GO STREAMLINE

(Right)—While not completely streamlined, in accord with the more advanced engineering, the new fire-Daimler car, recently tried out on the Long Island Railroad, made speeds of around 50 miles an hour. Travelling almost twice as fast as the conventional type train, this car has much lower operation-cost per passenger.



This car illustrates one of the first definite breaks with the old horse-and-carriage tradition in design.

Design for a sedan representing a complete streamlined revolution. Note spacing that passengers no longer sit over the rear wheels—important improvement in riding comfort. The blunt nose is another advance in streamline design.

Engineers are now declaring that every train and automobile of any design familiar to the public is obsolete. Aviation, which has been unhindered by designing conventions because it was developed only in the last 25 years, has benefited by the new engineering progress most rapidly.

But trains and automobiles also are now beginning to show the influence of the laboratory. Experts

now freely predict that the automobile especially is due for swift, radical change and development. Streamlining of autos, already begun, will continue until the long radiators will disappear; short blunt noses will in the future be the symbol of the new car's power and speed; the front will be broad and the whole car will taper to the rear somewhat like an inverted cone. Such a shape travels through

the air with least resistance. A complete weight redistribution in the car will then be possible, resulting—say experts—in a riding comfort previously unknown. Notice that in the new car model held by the girl that back seat passengers sit in front of the rear wheels—not on top of them. Such rebalancing of the automobile promises a completely new riding experience.

## System In Hog Marking

Marking Demonstrated To Be Both Feasible And Practical

While it is not expected or recommended that all market hogs should be marked, because efficient local grading eliminates the necessity of maintaining local identity, at the same time the marking of hogs has been demonstrated to be both feasible and practical where local grading is not practicable. Experience in the marking of hogs as carried out by Canadian shippers and drovers has made possible the study of the various systems with a view to making a selection of the best system for general use throughout the Dominion. Such a system has been outlined in the Dominion Department of Agriculture pamphlet No. 88, in which is shown the application of different marks on the backs of hogs at different locations by means of clipping the hair with scissors or clipper. On short-haired hogs where such marks are not distinct enough, it is advised to add a mark with roofing paint which dries quickly.

## Historical Moments

Letter Dealing With 1835 Rebellion In The West Written By Sir John A. Macdonald

A letter written by Sir John A. Macdonald in 1835 and hitherto unpublished has been placed with Queen's University officials by County Judge H. A. Lavell, of Kingston. The letter deals with Louis Riel, hanged for his part in the uprising in Western Canada at that period.

Sir John wrote the letter to Dr. Michael Lavell, the judge's father. Riel, at the time, was under sentence of death, and his followers had claimed sufficient importance had not been placed on the defence's plea of his trial that the prisoner was mentally irresponsible. The government took precaution to counteract these pleas.

The letter mentions Dr. Lavell's trip to Regina in 1835, which, Sir John stated, "should be kept a profound secret" until the doctor completed a report of his mission. "You must have some business in New York or elsewhere so as to throw people off the scent," the letter said.

## British Columbia Leads

The Brockville Recorder and Times says: "We in Ontario think that we are very well supplied with telephones and yet statistics prepared by the Bell Telephone Company actually show that in the number of telephones to 100 population this province must take second place in the Dominion with leadership going to British Columbia. There were last year 152 telephones in Ontario to every 100 people living in the province, but British Columbia's total for the same number of people was 162."

## Would Suit Some Students

Geography Once Considered Knaves Subject For English Schools

Geography was considered an "unsafe" subject to teach in public school in 1879. Miss A. E. Phillips, president of the London Teachers' Association, in her presidential address at the annual conference, caused laughter by quoting from evidence given before a Select Committee of the House of Commons regarding "extravagant" school expenses in that year. "Geography, sir, is ruinous in its effects on the 'lower classes,'" a witness said. "Reading, writing, and arithmetic are comparatively safe, but geography invariably leads to revolution. Physiology, besides being costly and useless, is an immodest subject. When the Author of the Universe hid the liver of man out of sight He did not want frail human creatures to see how He had done it. Grammar is an enervating exercise."

Portable X-ray equipment is found useful in detecting the cause of lameness in valuable horses.

## Followed Best System

Lethbridge Does Without Things They Cannot Pay For

Here in Lethbridge we have had an example of Scottish thrift. There are plenty of things which as a community we need and would like to have—paved streets, a better city hall, finer parks and playgrounds, to mention a few. We might have gone on borrowing more and more money to pay for the things we wanted. We didn't. We got along without. We tried to pay our way as we went, at the same time laying by money to pay off the existing debenture debt.

By 1943, we are told more than 80 per cent of the city's debt will have been wiped out. Interest and sinking fund charges which to-day take about half the levy for city purposes will by 1943 have been almost wiped out.

Will Lethbridge pay as it goes thereafter? Will it pave its streets out of current taxes, build up its buildings out of money saved up for that purpose?

Lethbridge and a lot of the towns and school districts in Southern Alberta are rapidly cleaning off their indebtedness incurred during the boom times. Let's think this matter over very carefully and see whether we cannot in future get along by paying as we go, incurring no future debt except in case of absolute emergency.

And we can well afford to give thought to whether we cannot do the same thing in our farming operations and in all our business dealings. The way to save billions is to pay as you go.—Lethbridge Herald.

## Weights Nearly Quarter Ton

Bermuda Has Second Largest Green Turtle In Captivity

Florence, weighing 422 pounds and claiming to be the second largest green turtle in captivity, showed considerable pleasure on being introduced to several of her species at the fine government aquarium in Bermuda after having spent four days in lonesome solitude aboard the Canadian National liner Lady Drake. She was provided with free transportation from Antigua, but this did not include meals. She was placed on a starvation diet till her arrival at Hamilton, many passengers aboard the liner being much concerned on this account.

The largest turtle in captivity presented recently to the London "Zoo", in Regent's Park, was also reared in waters surrounding Antigua, one of the most northerly and capital of the Leeward Islands. She is only 36 pounds heavier than Florence, and said to be about the same age, namely one hundred years, their birth coinciding closely with the death of Nelson.

## Word "Sterling" On Silver

Guarantee That Metal Used In Piece Is Genuine

The word "sterling" on silver means solid silver of a definite fineness. Pure silver is too soft for use, but by adding seven and one half per cent of copper a substantial and enduring sterling metal is made. These proportions were used long before 1350 and have never been changed. "Sterling" on a piece is restricted by law to silver which is 925-1000 pure; and it is a guarantee that metal used in the piece is genuine.

Sterling is an ancient word. It is a contraction of "Easterling". In the twelfth century there flourished in Germany the Hanseatic League comprising certain free loving. The British soon learned that money from these Hansa towns was always the same, always dependable. Soon they came to insist on the coins of the Easterlings, or those from the east of Britain. Later "sterling" was made the standard both for English money and for the manufacture of silver.

## Method Not Fairly Tried

The League method has had no fair trial. It has been, for fourteen years, confused and mingled with the older method. Within the "framework of the League" statesmen have played the old game of checks and balances; they have built, or sought to build, alliances or ententes against this or that prospective enemy.—London Daily Herald.

## Not What He Meant

Jones was presenting a purse and watch to a fellow workman who was leaving the concern. After a long, flattering speech, the manager wound up with: "The contents of this"—holding up the purse—"may in time disappear, but"—holding up the watch—"there is something that will never go."

## World's Population Survey

Predict London Will Be Sixth Largest City By 1944

The French Academy of Sciences publishes Professor Charles Richet's world population survey predicting that by 1944 London will be the sixth largest city in the world, with New York first; Tokio second and Shanghai, third, following the rapid expansion of the yellow race and the gradual reduction of the birth rate of white races.

Prof. Richet's survey indicates that in the next ten years the world's population will have increased 395,000,000. The Asiatic will have increased their races by 140 million souls; the American nations by 35 millions and the European countries by only 29 millions.

He draws three conclusions:

1. Yellow and mixed races increase in rate five or six times more rapidly than the white races.
  2. Among the white races, the Europeans increase the least.
  3. Among the European peoples, the most civilized nations show the least population increase.
- The Yugoslavs show the greatest rate of increase among the European nations, 35 per thousand; the Swedes the least, 14.8; other continental nations show the following rates: Rumania 34.4; Bulgaria 31.3; Portugal 30.4; Poland 30.3; Spain 28.3; Italy 24.9; Hungary 23.2; France 17.4; Norway 16.8; Switzerland 16.8; Great Britain 16.6; Germany 16.6; Austria 15.8.

## Relic Is Valuable

Manitoba Church Has Altar Cloth From Ypres Cathedral

The original cloth that once graced the altar of Ypres cathedral in Flanders, Belgium, is now in the possession of St. Charles Catholic church in Manitoba. This historic tapestry covered the church altar there during Easter services.

Secured from a German prisoner of war, it was taken to England by a non-commissioned officer, who recognized its value, pawned it for five pounds sterling. Later it was redeemed and came into the possession of Frank Birch Massey, then a resident of Buncur, Cheshire. Mr. Massey emigrated to Canada after the war years and, in the flurry of preparation, the prized tapestry which had been packed away for a safe return to cathedral authorities, was forgotten. Years later, in the belief it would have been replaced with restoration of the church, it was decided to offer the cloth to the St. Charles church.

Strange as it may appear, Mr. Massey and his family had been away from the church in regard to the history of this unique appanage, are probably not even known to the church authorities. "The priest to whom we communicated our decision had little knowledge of English. Mrs. Massey and myself had difficulty in explaining its history. The priest displayed little enthusiasm in receiving the gift, apparently lacking appreciation of its value."

Description of the relic is as follows: Broad, 18 inches by 15 feet by four inches wide, with silver tassels four inches deep as a border.

## A Floating Hotel

Steamer Princess Victoria In New Role At Pacific Coast

Thirty years ago residents of Vancouver and Victoria were thrilled by the appearance of a trim steamer which was to win the blue ribbon of British Columbia and Puget Sound.

She was the Princess Victoria. This summer the former pride of the fleet is to become a "hotel" tied up at Newcastle Island. Her state-rooms are to be rented to holiday-makers, who will also have the privilege of using the spacious galleys.

Built at Newcastle-Tynes in 1903 by Swan and Hunter, the Princess Victoria reached the coast the following year after a voyage through Magellan Straits. Her state-rooms were fitted up at Victoria and there was much speculation as to her speed.

Her first voyage on the Vancouver, Victoria, Seattle service was a gala affair. The ship soon proved that nothing in these waters could touch her. She set new records for the runs between port and port and became a topic of pride with seafarers both sides of the boundary. She is 300 feet long, 40 feet 6 inches beam and draws 15 feet 4 inches. Her engine develops 434 horsepower.

She always kept a high turn of speed, although more modern vessels appeared on the scene.

When the first Eschimo built the igloo he little dreamed that he was making a model of a 1934 motor car.





## Quick Relief Now From Neuralgia



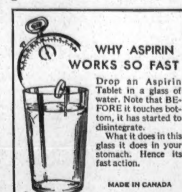
Real ASPIRIN Starts Taking Hold in Few Minutes

Now comes amazingly quick relief from headaches, rheumatism, neuritis, neuralgia... the fastest safe relief, if it is not yet discovered.

These results are due to a scientific discovery by which an Aspirin Tablet begins to dissolve, or disintegrate, in the amazing space of two seconds after touching moisture. And hence to start "taking hold" of pain a few minutes after taking.

The illustration on the glass here tells the story. An Aspirin Tablet starts to disintegrate almost instantly you swallow it. And this is ready to go to work almost instantly.

When you buy, though, be on guard against substitutes. Here you get ASPIRIN's quick relief, be sure the name Bayer in the form of a cross is on every tablet of Aspirin.



Does Not Harm the Heart

## OCCASIONAL WIFE

By EDNA ROBB WEBSTER  
Author of "Joretta", "Lipstick Girl" Etc.

### SYNOPSIS

Camilla Hoyt and Peter Anson, young and in love, marry secretly, deciding to live their own lives apart until Peter is able to provide for her. Peter is a young, struggling sculptor trying to win a competition for a scholarship abroad and Camilla is the adopted daughter of a wealthy family. She is not to inherit money when she comes of age and is studying commercial art in the hope of landing an agency job. Others in the story are Avie Verth, another wealthy girl who is trying to win Peter, Sylvia Todd, Peter's model, and Guy Matson, his former roommate with whom he has quarrelled. At a party at an exclusive club, Peter entertains Camilla's guests with impersonations. When the rest of the members of the party go to a cabaret to continue the party, Peter and Camilla slip off to the beach by themselves and fall asleep on the sand. When they awake it is early morning and Avie and another boy are standing near them. This makes it necessary for Camilla to announce before the party that she and Peter are married. Avie Verth, another wealthy girl who is trying to win Peter, Sylvia Todd, Peter's model, and Guy Matson, his former roommate with whom he has quarrelled. At a party at an exclusive club, Peter entertains Camilla's guests with impersonations. When the rest of the members of the party go to a cabaret to continue the party, Peter and Camilla slip off to the beach by themselves and fall asleep on the sand. When they awake it is early morning and Avie and another boy are standing near them. This makes it necessary for Camilla to announce before the party that she and Peter are married. Avie Verth, another wealthy girl who is trying to win Peter, Sylvia Todd, Peter's model, and Guy Matson, his former roommate with whom he has quarrelled. At a party at an exclusive club, Peter entertains Camilla's guests with impersonations. When the rest of the members of the party go to a cabaret to continue the party, Peter and Camilla slip off to the beach by themselves and fall asleep on the sand. When they awake it is early morning and Avie and another boy are standing near them. This makes it necessary for Camilla to announce before the party that she and Peter are married.

(Now Go On With The Story)

### CHAPTER XLII

Camilla told Rose then of the disagreement between Peter and herself. She found some relief from her confidence in a sympathetic listener. Rose nodded soberly. "I expected it. You might have known it would not work out."

"But, Rose, if this way doesn't, what would? It seemed to be the best plan in every way."

"The best plan would have been to wait until Peter was established before you married," emphatically.

"But that might be for years. And we love each other so!"

"Sure, that's just the trouble, no matter what class the man is in or whether it's a case of love or duty. The next best thing to waiting would have been for you to let Peter take care of you and make the best of it."

## PATENTS

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leave the downstairs lock, and was outside in the hall waiting when he reached the top of the stairs. His long legs always seemed less than two or three steps at a time.

He took both her outstretched hands and kissed her eagerly, drawing her into the room. "Darling!"

"Peter, I'm so glad to see you!" she whispered.

He tossed his hat onto a table and looked around. "Hello, Rose. Am I intruding?"

"Not at all. I'm tickled to death you came. I wanted to go out home and see Ma tonight, but Camilla did not feel like going and I didn't want to leave her alone. Now I can run along."

"Why, you never said—" Camilla began.

"Of course not. I knew you would insist on staying alone. I'd rather not come back tonight, either. Can't you stay, Peter?"

"Why—if Camilla wants me."

"Well you two can settle that. I think I know what the answer will be," she said roughly. "I won't be back, anyway. I'll take my slip out and sew the lace on blue machine. This will be much better and save me a lot of time."

She was collecting her things as she talked. She stood before the mirror and adjusted a red beret over her soft black hair, buttoned the collar of a towel coat under her chin. "Chilly out, isn't it?" she asked Peter.

"Father," he replied. "You don't mind going out alone?"

"I should say not! It's early yet. Well, goodbye, you two. See that you treat our guest right," she admonished Camilla with a sly wink.

"Nice kid," said Peter, when she had gone. "Too bad she hadn't a chance like you."

"I don't know. In many ways, Rose is wiser than I. I envy her sometimes."

"Camilla, I came to apologize for the other day. I'm terribly sorry," he confessed.

"So am I, Peter. But that's all over. Let's forget it ever happened."

She was in his arms, with her arms around his neck, close.

"My precious! I wish it hadn't happened. But we'll start all over again, just as if it hadn't happened. I don't want any more about—that. This is the way men apologize and repent, with no retractions or concessions. They regret what has happened, but sometimes the woman is still wrong in their opinion."

But like all women in love, it was enough for Camilla that he once more held her close instead of drawing away from her, that his eyes were deep into hers with confidence.

"It was I who had the blackie-blues that time. I haven't felt so low as long as I can remember. But everything is going to work out all right, somehow." His optimism was a happy surprise to Camilla. Hereafter, it had been she who encouraged him. This mood must be the rebound from the depths of his recent despair. It was so delicious to relax in his arms and in the buoyancy of his mood.

"You just forgot that the kind of thing you are doing can't be accomplished in a minute. And the test things in life always take time to accomplish."

"I don't mind waiting for a reasonable time, but I get panicky sometimes when I think about some of the old boys of the past who had to die before the world would recognize them. I may not be a genius in their class, but look at the fellows like Farquhar. He died penniless and writing a play that has survived for two centuries."

"Tell me about him. I don't know the story," Camilla prompted.

"His story fits plenty of others like him. But he put his masterpiece on his deathbed, when he knew he was doomed to die, and in extreme poverty. The play was a tremendous success from the first, but he lived for only a month after the premiere. Imagine the irony of that—audiences roaring at the humor of his play while he suffered the last agonies of a slow death. And the play is still a success—just revived in London last season and made such a hit that they're bringing it to America. Such is fame!"

"But, darling, genius gets a better break these days than it did two centuries ago."

"He no doubt," she said, "lives the struggle while white; that, and hoping that even if I'm not recognized while I'm living, I might produce something that would add to the beauty of the future. Sculpture is more enduring, at least, than a book or a picture that can be hidden away or lost."

Had Camilla known what power sustained his hope and confidence, she might have been less happy in sharing it. But she supposed that Peter's naturally buoyant nature had righted itself in his condition over

## 3 MONTHS ON BISCUITS AND MILK

### Woman's Digestive Troubles

Everyone who is subject to any form of indigestion should know of this woman's experiences. Advice from one who has had such severe attacks is advice worth having. She writes:

"I suffered from indigestion, gas, constipation, and was so full (on medical advice) to live on soda biscuits and milk for three months. Well, a friend advised me to take Kruschen, and now I am able to eat and enjoy a good meal without any distressing after-effects. My skin is clear—in fact, quite clear—and there is no sign of constipation. I would advise anyone suffering the same to take Kruschen."—(Mrs.) M. R. T.

The immediate effect of the six salts in Kruschen is to promote a natural flow of the digestive and other vital juices of the body. Soon after you start on Kruschen you will find that you are able to enjoy your food without any distressing after-effects. And as you persevere with the "little daily dose," you will see that the relief which Kruschen brings is lasting relief.

Their quarrel, and that he had worked out his problem to satisfy his pride. She did not know that he had died that evening with Avie, and had brought away with him some of her faith in himself and her own ultimate victory.

She was to discover in the days which followed, that if you once put love away for even a little while, and then take it out again—it is never the same. It is like a flower that is so fragrant and beautiful that you want to keep it forever and put it away between the pages of a book to treasure with memories; but when you take it out again, it is not at all the same gorgeous thing that you once had in your hands.

(To Be Continued)

### Forgot His Haughtiness

#### New York Hotel Doorman Took Tip From Scrubwoman

Anna Golden, scrubwoman, made her grand gesture the other day. Anna was one of 23 New Yorkers who gathered at the Hotel Roosevelt to receive prize awards in the Pleasant International Sweepstakes. She had advised, in advance, that she had no truck with cheques, and that she would prefer to take her \$3,578 in cash.

Accordingly, Anna was handed a tremendous roll of bills amid great ceremony. As she came through the revolving doors to the street, she encountered a barrel-chested gold-braided doorman who gave her a haughty glance as though to say: "Why don't you use the servants' entrance?"

Anna looked him over coldly. She pulled out her roll of bills. She peeped off a five.

"Here, young man," she said, "Go, get yourself a haircut."

He took it.

#### Montreal Cabbies

With the marked decrease in the number of cabbies' licenses issued in Montreal last year, the question of allowing motor vehicles to travel on Mount Royal again looms as a contentious issue. Last year, according to Mr. Lamoureux, who is in charge of the permit department at the city hall, there were only 96 cabbies' licenses which is a decrease of 25, as against the figure for the preceding year.

#### Wins Unique Contest

Pipe smokers bestowed their praise on G. F. Jones, winner of a most unique contest in Calgary. By keeping his lonely cornucopia alight for one hour and 22 minutes he defeated 185 contestants in a race for a title of sorts. Only one match was used.

About 750,000 seeds a year are produced by the false flax plant.

### Rheumatism

Is caused by failure of kidneys to remove uric acid poisons from the blood. Gin Pills relieve by neutralizing uric acid and restoring the kidneys to normal action—50¢ a box at all druggists.



### To Carry Pilgrims

#### Canard Liner To Make Trip From New York To Buenos Aires Next Fall

A special sailing of the Canard liner, Franconia, at present on her cruise of inspection of the world via the Southern Hemisphere, will be made next fall from New York to Buenos Aires to carry pilgrims to the Eucharistic Congress to be held there.

The Franconia will leave New York on September 18th and will call at Havana, Cuba; Port of Spain, Trinidad; and Rio de Janeiro, Brazil, on her way to the Argentine capital, where she will arrive on October 10th.

Here the ship will remain for four and one-half days, serving as a hotel for the passengers and allowing ample time to attend the ceremonies conducted by the Eucharistic Congress, as well as to enjoy the beauty of the largest city in the Southern Hemisphere, the metropolis of South America, popularly known to travelers as B.A. The city has a population of considerably more than two million, exceeding Rio de Janeiro by nearly six hundred thousand.

Buenos Aires is a combination of Paris, New York and Chicago. In architecture it resembles the French capital, also in the style of gaiety that makes Paris the mecca for Europeans to wealth and love of amusement it is like New York. In industry it reminds the traveler of Chicago, and in the love of the American city, a meat-packing center. One fourth of Argentina's population lives in Buenos Aires, the largest Latin city in the world.

A unique feature of Buenos Aires is that it is a paradise for women. Here the men outnumber the fair sex five to one. Thus the scarcity of women adds to their popularity. With beautiful Spanish or Italian eyes, and a sparkle therein that would do honour to Madrid or Rome, these lovely Argentine women are virtually like princesses. They are not won by mere smiles as is the case in countries where girls are plentiful.

Buenos Aires is situated one hundred miles up the Rio de la Plata, which river here looks more like a bay, being nearly thirty miles wide. The city is flat, and is between sixty and seventy feet above sea level. The name, Good Air, fits it perfectly.

Buenos Aires is modern and attractive in appearance. The cathedral is a masterpiece of architecture and commands a beautiful location. The Teatro Colon is an architectural masterpiece. The Avenida Mayo, the city's main thoroughfare, is declared to be the finest street in the world. Volcanic Park, on the Calle Florida, the city's Fifth Avenue, is suspended between the hours of 4 and 7 p.m. It is a beautiful and fashionable promenade. Hotels are numerous and of a high order. Horse racing is the national sport and is conducted throughout the year.

South America's greatest daily newspaper, La Prensa, is published in Buenos Aires. The building which houses it is one of the show places of the city. Visitors are welcome.

On her northward voyage the Franconia will make return calls at Rio de Janeiro, Port of Spain, the Havana, reaching New York on November 4th. The entire voyage will occupy forty-seven days.

The travel arrangements are under the joint direction of Thos. Cook & Son, Ltd., the American Express Company and the Canard Line.

## THE RHYMING OPTIMIST

By Aline Michaelis

### EXPLORES ALL

Though on no unknown seas do we embark, Nor do we search for any fabled land, Down treacherous streams in forests deep, Or stumple, parking, over desert sand;

Yet still we are explorers all, who grope Through the strange continent of self to find The wells of beauty and the source of hope

And soul's most secret ways that twist and wind.

We are explorers all, with flags unfurled In conquest where we gain our being's springs And glimpse the promise of another world.

God's infinite realm which around our small self sings. How far men journey all earth's lands to win, But farther they who thread the maze within!

### Unusual But True

So unusual is it to have a no-account year on streets of large centres that Belleville's record without a fatality in 1933 raised doubts and brought a request for a check-up to the Chief of Police for verification of the report. Fortunately it was true. The chief constable was able to notify the registrar of the Motor Vehicles in Ontario that there were no motor fatalities in this city during 1933.

The Isle of Wight last year had more sunshine than in any twelve-month since 1888.

## HOW TO FIND OUT IF YOU HAVE ACID STOMACH

### HERE ARE THE SIGNS:

Nervousness Frequent Headaches  
Indigestion Fatigue of the Stomach  
Loss of Appetite Sleeplessness  
Nausea Sour Stomach  
Auto-intoxication

### WHAT TO DO FOR IT:

TAKE—3 teaspoonsful of Phillips' Milk of Magnesia every morning when you get up. Take another teaspoonful after another meal. And another before you go to bed.

OR—Take the new Phillips' Milk of Magnesia Tablets—one tablet for each teaspoonful as directed above.

If you have Acid Stomach, don't worry about it. Follow the simple directions given above. This small dosage of Phillips' Milk of Magnesia acts of once to neutralize the acids that cause headache, stomach pains and other distress. Try it. You'll feel like a new person.

But—be careful you get genuine Phillips' Milk of Magnesia or Phillips' Milk of Magnesia Tablets when you buy—25¢ and 50¢ sizes.

ALSO IN TABLET FORM

Each tiny tablet is the equivalent of a teaspoonful of Genuine Phillips' Milk of Magnesia.

MADE IN CANADA

Phillips' Milk of Magnesia

## Little Helps For This Week

"I was afraid and went and hid my talent in the earth, lo, there thou hast that is thine." Matthew 25:28.

Time was I shrank from what was right. From fear of what was wrong; I would not brave the sacred light. Because the foe was strong.

But now I cast that finer sense And sorer shame aside. I understand that sin was indolence, Such aim as heaven was pride.

J. H. Newman

If the really devout man falls into some error he does not at first, but rising up with a humble spirit he goes anew on his way rejoicing. Were he to fall a hundred times in the day he would not despair, he would rather cry out lovingly to God appealing to His tender mercy and pity. The really devout man has a horror of evil, but he has still greater love for that which is good, he is more set on doing right than avoiding wrong. Generous, large-hearted, he is not afraid of danger in serving God, and would rather run the risk of doing His will imperfectly than not strive to serve Him lest he fall in the attempt.—Jean Nicolas Grou.

### New Russian Loan

Big Domestic Loan Running Ten Years Announced By Soviet Government

The issuance of a new domestic loan, aggregating 3,500,000,000 rubles and running 10 years, had been announced by the Soviet government.

It will be known as "the loan of the second year of the second five-year plan" and carries the optional choice of either a lottery or interest-bearing bonds, which will pay 10 per cent annually.

### British Grant For Horse Breeding

The British war office has sanctioned a grant of \$25,000 for encouragement of light-horse breeding this year. A special amount is set aside for native pony breeds, in danger of extinction.

The French knew the Ohio river as "La Belle Riviere."

## For BETTER COOKING and LESS WORK—

Use CANAPAR

Cookery Parchment

Cook fish, meat and vegetables in Canapar. You will be delighted with your new flavor—and no odors escape. At dealers or write—

Applied Paper Products

Applied Paper Products

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**HURT & SHARPE**  
Welding  
BLACKSMITHS  
Electric and Acetylene Welders  
John Deere and  
Cockshott Agents  
Fertilizers  
Red Indian Motor Oils and Greases

**Dr. S. H. McClelland**  
Veterinary Surgeon  
Honor Graduate Ontario Veterinary College  
Office—McClelland's Rexall Drug Store. Phone 3 Crossfield

**Council Meetings**  
The council of the village of Crossfield met in the Fire Hall on the first Monday of each month at the hour of 8 o'clock p.m.  
By Order of the Village Council  
T. Duff, Sec. Treas.

**Canadian Legion B.E.S.L. Crossfield Branch**  
Meets on the last Saturday of each month in the Fire Hall at 2 p.m.  
Visiting Comrades Welcome.  
D. J. HALL R.D. SUTHERLAND  
President Secretary

**DENTIST**  
Dr. HARVEY D. DUNCAN  
218a, 8th Ave. W., opposite Police Theatre, Calgary

**Special This Week**  
Free Spoon with Kolynos Tooth Paste  
Palmolive Soap, cake....5c  
Creoline per gallon \$1.50  
5 gallon lots \$1.40  
Fly Spray  
1 gal. 1.75. Half gal. 1.00  
Pints 35c

**McClelland's Drug Store**  
The Rexall Store  
Phone 3 Crossfield

### Classified Advertisements

**FOR SALE**  
I will have a large supply of Building out Plants, Flowers, Tomatoes, Cabbage and Cauliflower Plants. Will be in town around the 14th May.  
W. C. BROWN, Madden

**FOR SALE**—Good heavy brush plow, 16 inch. Price \$15.00 cash or trade for cattle.  
C. Koshak, Crossfield

**FOR SALE**—Good potatoes \$1.00 per 100 lbs. Carrots 2c lb. Turnips \$1.00 per 100 lbs. Beets 2c lb.  
F. W. Landmore, Crossfield

**FOR SALE**—Senior Farmhouse Bldg. Registered. This is an exceptional good dog and can be bought right.  
E. Bilis, Crossfield

**FOR SALE**—Buckeye brooder 1200 capacity, \$15.00. W. Spivey, Crossfield.

**FOR SALE**—11 Massey-Harris 16 in D. L. L. in good shape. Apply to Hart & Sharp.

You can get a real cream separator—The RENFREW from A. W. Gordon, dealer at the right price, cash or terms.

**HUTTON'S FOR MAGNETO, GENERATOR, Starter Repairs, Batteries**  
Parts for all magneto. Distributors of American and Robert Bosch, Keweenaw, Waco Magneto. Everything electric for car and tractor—Hutton's Electric  
131 - 11th Avenue West, Calgary  
Phone ME595—Res. M9025

**All Kinds of TINSMITHING WORK**  
**J. L. McRory**  
CROSSFIELD Alberta

**Watch and Clock Repairing**—We are agents for Calgary's leading jewelers and can give you good service—The Chronicle office.

**Baptist Church**  
Morning Service 11:00 a.m.  
Evening Service 7:30 p.m.  
Sunday School after morning service.  
Come and bring your friends.  
Earl V. Phillips, Pastor

### Local News

Do your shopping in the ads. first and save money.

Mr. and Mrs. P. L. Johnstone spent the week-end in Calgary.

Mrs. W. McRory was a Calgary visitor on Friday and Saturday.

Jas. Scott was a business visitor in Calgary on Tuesday.

Mrs. Wm. Laut was a visitor in Calgary on Saturday.

Mr. and Mrs. P. H. Fleming were visitors in Calgary on Saturday.

Mr. and Mrs. R. M. McCool returned from Lloydminster on Friday.

H. Stone of Madden is suffering from an attack of bronchitis and pneumonia.

Mrs. G. G. Huser and Mrs. Anderson of Calgary, are visiting in the district today (Thursday).

A stampede and baseball tournament will be held at Atkins, near Cremona, on Victoria Day, May 24th.

Miss Margaret Collicutt who has been attending school in Calgary is confined to her home with chicken-pox.

Mr. and Mrs. Wm. Brooks and family of Calgary were week-end visitors at the home of Mr. and Mrs. D. J. Hall.

Miss Mildred Hyle and Miss Gordon of Edmonton spent Sunday in town at the home of the former's parents.

The pupils of Miss Collicutt's room, some thirty-four in number, greatly enjoyed a hike and Weiner roast at Hall's coulee on Friday.

Irvin Fike of Madden is building a granary and chicken house and making other improvements around his farm. Stanley Reid is doing the carpenter work.

Spring cleaning and raking of yards is the order of the day, in and about town. Each year sees more yards and premises beautified.

Constable Cameron picked four travellers off a freight train today, they pleaded guilty and were fined \$1.00 and costs. They all paid their fines and hit the trail again.

The postponed meeting of the Ladies Aid will be held at the home of Mrs. Chas. Fox on next, Wednesday May 9th.

Frank Sivert who predicted a dry year seems to be all wet, following a three day intermittent rain.

The elevators in Crossfield and the Atlas Lumber Yard will observe the Wednesday half-holiday during the summer months.

Well, the School Inspector's have made their annual visit to the local school, and I presume their reports are about the same as usual.

Friday night May 11th in Calgary will be known as ladies night in the realm of Elkdom, and the principal attraction will be our local players in "A Lady to See You."

The Bush League will function this year with three teams, Atkins Dog Pound, and Water Valley fighting it out for the pennant.

The schedule has been drawn up and the league will open on May 13 with Atkins at Water Valley. Dog Pound plays at Atkins on May 20th.

Mr. Claybourn, a former old timer of the Crossfield district, and now a resident of Didsbury, was renewing acquaintances in town on Friday, and visiting his daughter, Mrs. Clarence Havens.

Conditions in this district are as near ideal as could be hoped for, with the wheat practically all sown, a wonderful rain of the million dollar variety, that began on Saturday and continued off and on until Monday night, is all that even a pessimist could ask for.

On Thursday forenoon while Paul Allen was passing a grader on his way to Crossfield he encountered the strip of gravel the grader piles up in the road and was turned out of his course, Mr. Armstrong of Didsbury was driving south and to avoid a crash he turned his car for the same ditch, the cars were considerably damaged, but there was no person hurt.

### The Crossfield Chronicle

ESTABLISHED 1907

THURSDAY, May 3, 1934.

### Local News

Mrs. Mark Quance and son Bob of Calgary are visiting at the home of Mr. and Mrs. E. Devins.

Mrs. Bartlett of Blairmore was the guest of Mrs. Mossop over the week-end.

Commencing Sunday May 6th, the United Church Sunday School will meet at 11:15 a.m. and continue to meet at this hour during the summer months.

On Tuesday afternoon of this week the members of the Mission Band entertained their mother's at the home of Mrs. R. F. Amery. Tea was served and a special programme of music and recitations rendered. The next meeting will be held on Tuesday, May 8th, at the home of Mrs. G. Y. McLean.

The Miss Alice Collicutt, Miss Stella Gordon, and the Misses Helen and Gladys Willis and Gordon Purvis motored to Turner Valley on Monday evening to attend the play "Civil Service" played by the Valley amateur players. Percy Willis and Charlie Purvis were both included in the cast.

The many friends of Jas. W. Belshaw, son of Jas. Belshaw, of this town, will be pleased to know that he has graduated in a course of architecture at the Providence Central School, receiving his diploma on April 17th.

Next Tuesday evening May 8th The Canadian Institute for the Blind, sponsored by Major Watts, present an entertainment of song and recitations in the U.F.A. Hall, commencing at 8:30 p.m. A silver collection will be taken at the door and all proceeds will go to the fund for the maintenance and support of the Blind Institute with headquarters at Calgary.

### NOTICE

On and after May 1st the elevators in Crossfield will close at 1 p.m. during the months of May, June, July and August.

### Board of Trade Notes

Do not let us forget and under-value the good work the Board of Trade has rendered the community during the last five years.

Crossfield has a reputation which is the envy of many other rural districts in the Province.

It rests with every individual in Crossfield and district to uphold that reputation which will not only advance his own interests but also that of his neighbor.

### With the Athletes

#### P. T. Classes Once a Week

At the regular monthly meeting of the executive committee of the Amateur Athletic Association held on Tuesday evening, it was decided that P. T. classes will be held on Tuesday evening of each week during the summer months, while Monday, Wednesday and Friday evenings of each week, have been set aside for those taking track and field events.

It was decided to purchase a 12 and 16 pound shot, also a number of hurdles.

About sixteen of the class are in training for the track and field events and they are showing a lot of speed for this time of year, in fact Constable Cameron clocked Stanley Pogue a 100 yards in 10 1/2 seconds. (We asked Donald if he was using an alarm clock, he pulled out a stop watch and the argument was over, as we did not care to rile up the big boy without having a machine gun handy.) But even though Mr. Cameron's timing was out a good second, it is quite possibly that Stanley Pogue will develop into a running mate for Margaret Fitzpatrick. One never knows.

The Anglican Sunday School were guests at a party at the Rectory last week, in spite of dust and wind the children sat down on the lawn where they partook of lemonade cake and jelly. Games were also enjoyed by all.

### Mortgage To Be Burned In East Com. Hall May, 24th.

#### Dance and Vaudeville Extraordinary

The dance in East Community Hall on May 24th promises to be one of the big events of the year. After many years of struggling to keep off the big bad wolf—the mortgage has been paid, and on May 24th they are going to celebrate in a fitting manner.

The mortgage will be burned in the hall with all the pomp and speech making that goes with an event of this kind. (The speakers are to be limited to two minutes.)

The McDougall family of entertainers, featuring the greatest dance team of juveniles in the province, have been secured and will entertain at intervals between dances.

The Melody Boys will furnish the music for the dance, and last but not least, the midnight lunch will be a little better than ever, which is saying plenty.

Remember the date, and join the people of the east in dancing for the first time in their own hall.

### A Tribute

By E. W. Brunen in the Winnipeg Free Press

The entire Canadian cattle industry suffered a severe loss when George Collicutt was accidentally killed on the famous Willow Spring Herd Ranch near Crossfield on April 13. No man of his years possessed a wider knowledge of Hereford cattle. He was without a peer in the science of feeding, fitting and exhibiting. No young westerner had an interest more dominating than George's in his favorite breed.

His sudden passing cast a gloom over the legion of his friends which even the intervening weeks have not entirely dispelled. Wherever stockmen gather and cattle are led into the ring for the judge's favor he will be sadly missed, for he was of that rare type who takes his work in all seriousness and found pride in its every detail. Death has created a blank in Canada's stock world it will be difficult indeed to fill.

### Church of the Ascension

(Anglican)

Sunday, May 6th.

10:00 a.m. Sunday School

7:30 a.m. Evensong.

A. W. Currie, Rector.

### United Church Services

Sunday, May 6th.

Services as follows:

Inverles Sunday School at 2:00 p.m.

Preaching Service at 3:00 o'clock.

Crossfield—Sunday School at 11:15 a.m.

Preaching Service at 7:30 p.m.

A hearty welcome to all.

Rev. E. Longmire, Minister

### Chinese Dishes

Sweet Pickles Spare Ribs with rice, 50c

Fried Greens with rice.....45c

Chicken Noodles, large bowl.....35c

Chinese Omelette with rice.....45c

Special Attraction for Children

Thursday, Friday and Saturday

each week.

A Babe Ruth Sundae and a Banana Split Given Away each week at the Oliver Cafe. A numbered coupon will be given with every five cent purchase. Save them you may be lucky. Winner to be announced every Saturday at 2 p.m.

### OLIVER CAFE

GEORGE & FONG

### FOR SALE

25 Milch Goats

Two just fresh and others to freedom from now until the middle of June. Prices reasonable.

Goats milk can not be equalled for babies or invalids.

Jos. GALLELLI

BOX 215

CROSSFIELD ALBERTA

### BIRTHS

BORN—To Mr. and Mrs. W. J. Scott, Crossfield, on April 29, 1934, a daughter, at Mrs. Collins Nursing Home.

BORN—To Mr. and Mrs. W. Rowney of Crossfield, May 1st, 1934, a son at Mrs. Collins Nursing Home.

SAW—Huebie McIntyre and C. Koshak discussing finance on Main Street.

### MATRIMONIAL

BEATTIE-CURRIE—At Glasgow Cathedral, on 31st March 1934, by the Right Reverend Dr. Maclean Watt, John McRory, son of the late Andrew Beattie, Falkirk, and of Mrs. Beattie, Kolo, to Mary Sheena, elder daughter of the late D. W. Currie, M.D., Dollar.

Mrs. Beattie is a sister of the Rev. A. D. Currie of Crossfield.

**SPECIAL—Fresh Caught Halibut per lb. - 18c**

Bologna, our own make . 2 lbs. for - 25c

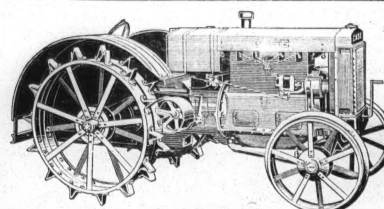
Prime Steer Beef, Fresh Local Pork, Spring Lamb.

### New Vegetables

Carrots Onions Spinach Cabbage

**Crossfield Meat Market**

LEN CHRISMAS



### CASE

The Model L Tractor has been in the field for 5 years, and never a trade in yet, some record. It burns the cheapest of fuel oil—successfully.

Wheatland Plows with seeder attachment. Grain Drills, Cultivators, Power Control Disk Harrows, Plows, Harrows, Renfrew Cream Separators.

**A. W. GORDON**

Dealer

Crossfield

### SCOTT'S TIRE SHOP

#### Vulcanizing

Tires, Batteries, Accessories, Gasoline, Oils, Greases

### North End Garage

IN CONNECTION

Regal Gas, retail 26 1-2c. Wholesale, 19 1-2c, plus tax

**IMPERIAL OILS—Wholesale and Retail.**

### NEW AND USED TIRES

Trade in your old tires on New Atlas or Firestone.

### Alberta Saving Certificates

Backed by the Entire Resources of the Province, Provide a Safe Depository for Savings and Pay an Attractive interest rate.

Interest per annum paid on Term Certificates Redeemable in One, Two or Three Years.	5%	Interest per annum allowed on Certificates which are Redeemable on Demand.	3 1/2%
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Apply to

**ALBERTA GOVERNMENT SAVINGS BRANCH**

Treasury Department

HON. R. G. REID, Provincial Treasurer

### Reduced Prices

Custom Hatching . . . 2c

Chicks, all breeds, per 100 7.50

**Dornum Poultry Farm**

Carstairs, Alberta